A variety of states, counties, and cities are making gains in employment and population numbers, according to the U.S. Census Bureau. How do these nationwide statistics compare to the locations of the PCT Top 100 (represented by the red circles on the map)?

Sacramento, Calif. — Among the 50 largest counties with the most employees, Sacramento had the highest rate of employment growth among all sectors between 2012 and 2013 (up 5.5 percent). SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, APRIL 23, 2015

California — California was the third state in rate of employment growth between 2012 and 2013 — a 3.5 percent increase to 13.4 million. California also had more single business locations (874,243) and employees (13.4 million) and a larger annual payroll ($742.5 billion) than any other state in 2013. SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, APRIL 23, 2015

Los Angeles — Los Angeles, Calif., is still the nation’s most populous county with a July 1, 2014, population surpassing 10.1 million. SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, MARCH 26, 2015


Travis County, Texas — Among the 50 largest counties with the most employees, Travis County had the second highest rate of employment growth among all sectors between 2012 and 2013 (up 4.9 percent). SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, APRIL 23, 2015

North Dakota — Bismarck, N.D., was the fastest-growing metro area outside of the South or West between 2013 and 2014 (22nd overall). SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, MARCH 26, 2015
New York, N.Y. — Manhattan topped all counties in annual payroll, at $217.6 billion.  

Delaware — Delaware led all states in rate of employment growth between 2012 and 2013 with employment levels climbing 5.1 percent.  

North Carolina — Between 2013 and 2014, North Carolina became the ninth-most populous state. Its growth was fueled by two counties: Wake (Raleigh), which added about 24,000 people over the period, and Mecklenburg (Charlotte), which grew by about 20,000.  
SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, MARCH 26, 2015

Ohio — Cuyahoga, Ohio, (Cleveland) is the county with the second-largest population decline.  
SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, MARCH 26, 2015

Michigan — Wayne, Mich., (Detroit) remains the county with the largest numeric population decline at just less than 11,000.  
SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, MARCH 26, 2015

Texas — Two Texas metro areas — Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land and Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington — were the only ones in the country to add more than 100,000 residents over the 2013-14 period.  
SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, MARCH 26, 2015

Florida — Florida contained seven of the nation’s top 50 numerically gaining metro areas between July 1, 2013, and July 1, 2014.  
SOURCE: U.S. CENSUS BUREAU, MARCH 26, 2015

Visit http://bit.ly/1G0hMJH to view an interactive version of this Top 100 map.